

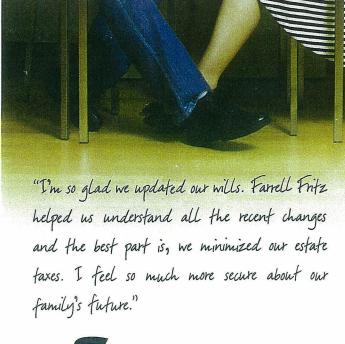


## WILLS, TRUSTS & ESTATES: PLAIN & SIMPLE

## What Does An Executor Do?

By Patricia C. Marcin, Esq. ©2014

Patricia C. Marcin is an attorney at the law firm of Farrell Fritz, P.C. concentrating in trusts, estates and tax law. She can be reached at pmarcin@farrellfritz.com or at 516-227-0611





BECAUSE SUCCESS MATTERS

1320 RXR Plaza, Uniondale, NY 11556-1320 516.227.0700 | www.farrellfritz.com

The quote used in this advertisement is a dramatization, not based upon a specific event. Prior results do not guarantee a similar outcome.

An Executor (technically, Executrix if a woman) is the person you appoint to carry out your wishes as expressed in your Will. The Executor's job lasts a relatively short period of time, typically two to three years, ending with the final distribution of the estate's assets to the beneficiaries.

The first thing the Executor does is to submit the Will to the Court for probate. Once the Court declares the Will valid (i.e., admits the Will to "probate"), the Executor is appointed and receives what are called "letters testamentary" in New York, evidencing this appointment. At this point, the Executor's job really begins.

The Executor's first step is to identify and collect the decedent's assets. This includes transferring, and perhaps consolidating, bank and brokerage accounts into the estate and taking action to protect the decedent's assets (ex., changing locks on doors, monitoring the decedent's investments).

Once the decedent's assets are fully known and collected, the Executor must determine the decedent's debts and creditors, and should estimate the expenses that will arise during the administration of the estate (ex., appraisal fees, estate taxes, Executor's commissions, legal fees, accounting fees). By doing this, the Executor can determine the "cash requirements" of the estate and sell estate assets to satisfy the

estate's cash requirements. It is important that the Executor attend to this as quickly as possible, as he/she does not want to jeopardize being able to cover the cash requirements because of market risks. Note that the payment of the estate's administration expenses takes priority over the payment of creditors' claims, because no one can get paid without the Executor administering the estate!

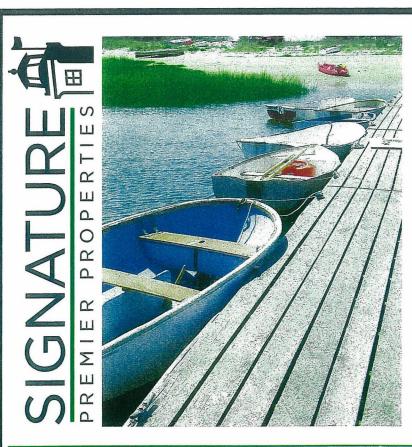
The Executor may have many duties during the continuance of the estate, depending on the size of the estate and complexity of the assets in an estate. For example, if the decedent owned a business, the Executor is responsible for dealing with that business, whether that means selling the business or providing for its continuation. For people dying between April 1, 2014 and March 31, 2015, if the estate is over \$2,062,500 (by the year 2019, this number will increase to over \$ 5 million), the Executor will have to file estate tax return(s), which are due nine months from the date of death. For people dying before April 1, 2014, the Executor will have to file estate tax return(s) if the estate is over \$1 million. The Executor may pay some bequests, partially or in full, prior to the estate's ter-

mination. Once the taxing authorities "sign off" on the estate tax return(s), the Executor can inform the beneficiaries of all that has gone on in the estate, have the beneficiaries approve of all that was done, distribute the remaining assets to the beneficiaries and close the estate.

There are many duties to fulfill as Executor, depending on the particular estate. The Executor may also receive a fee, called a "commission", which is set by law, and which is often well deserved. There is assistance for the Executor from start to finish, as the estate's lawyer will play a large role in helping the Executor navigate his/her duties.

If there is a trusts or estates topic that you would like to know more about, please feel free to email me at pmarcin@farrellfritz. com with your suggestion and I will do my best to cover it in a future column.

Patricia C. Marcin is an attorney concentrating in trusts, estates and tax law at the law firm of Farrell Fritz, P.C. She can be reached at pmarcin@farrellfritz.com or 516-227-0611.



## Buy. Sell. Live.

Peter Morris, the owner of Signature Premier Properties, had a vision to provide a community focused, independent, real estate group of top producers who have the ability to be flexible and creative in the face of ever-changing markets and trends.

This vision is the driving force that allows a small neighborhood business to continually grow and become the #1 real estate agency in Huntington Township, while always maintaining individual, personalized service.

Thank you for making us #1!

in the Huntington Township

Huntington 631.673.3700 Cold Spring Harbor 631.692.4800 Northport 631,754,3600 Dix Hills 631,673,3900

Smithtown 631.360.2800 Syosset 516.921.1400